5 February 1965

DCI BRIEFING FOR THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

## **ECUADOR**

- I. The ruling military junta in Ecuador, which has probably done as well as could be expected without a thorough-going dictatorship, has announced its gradual plan to return to constitutional government.
  - A. A year will probably be devoted to voter registration. A single document will cover functions of citizenship, e.g., draft registration, taxation, identification, and voting.
  - B. The timetable may be local elections in early 1966, and presidentials in the fall.
- II. After enjoying prosperity and economic stability, the junta may now face a decline in conditions and in business confidence.
  - A. Banana exports, generating most foreign exchange, declined during 1964 and will probably continue to do so in 1965.
  - B. The exchange rate, stable for 14 months, fell 6 percent in early January. It has

temporarily regained, but this may not hold.

- C. Coupled with political dissatisfaction over the plan for return to elected government, the economy may prove troublesome.
- III. The subversive threat has declined, but several Guayaquil extremist gangs threaten urban terrorism and robbery.
  - A. On 15 December they robbed a bank of \$11,000.

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- C. Chinese-line Communists, formerly the vanguard of guerrilla warfare preparations, appear to have moderated their schedule.
- IV. The junta demonstrated a growing maturity in the way it handled the 29 January student demonstrations associated with the annual protest against the 1942 Rio Protocol defining the unpopular boundary with Peru.
  - A. The junta, however, is seeking to improve further its security and counterinsurgency

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forces to meet challenges which may grow if the economic situation worsens.